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ELECTION FIGURES.

Vote of the Territory in the Year 1898.

ARIZONA'S REGISTERED VOTE.	
Apache county.....	674
Coconino.....	1,570
Cochise.....	1,814
Gila.....	1,286
Graham.....	2,105
Maricopa.....	4,800
Mohave.....	854
Navajo.....	982
Pima.....	2,326
Pinal.....	642
Yavapai.....	4,633
Yuma.....	852

VOTE CAST FOR DELEGATE.

Counties	Wilson	Brodie
Apache.....	221	264
Coconino.....	350	464
Cochise.....	711	648
Gila.....	634	383
Graham.....	871	521
Maricopa.....	1,671	1,743
Mohave.....	474	168
Navajo.....	286	339
Pima.....	557	834
Pinal.....	259	273
Yavapai.....	1,719	1,404
Yuma.....	269	333
Totals.....	8,212	7,384
Majority for J. F. Wilson, 828.		

The Journal-Murphy is still laboring to make a party question out of the passage of the poll tax law, signed and approved by N. O. Murphy and voted for by republicans as well as democrats. If the republican party of Arizona is opposed to the poll tax law, why is it that the territorial republican platform is silent on the subject—a platform framed by the very men who endorsed all of N. O. Murphy's official acts and nominated him for congress, and one of these official acts was the signing of the poll tax law, to which he offered not one word of objection? The territorial republican convention has endorsed the poll tax law by endorsing N. O. Murphy's official career and failing to declare against that law. Not one republican paper in Arizona raised its voice against this law when it was being considered. When Sloan's decision sustaining this law was read to the Yavapai republican convention tumultuous applause broke from the assemblage showing the true Murphy sentiment on that question.—Prescott Courier.

About the Mines.

Mr. Murphy, in his address on Saturday evening, said that his mining proclamation blacklisting the Spenazuma, Val Verde, United Verde, Jr., and United Verde Extension together with other properties, had been of benefit to Arizona. He did not tell his audience that two weeks later he had endorsed the United Verde Extension by telegram to the Mining and Engineering Journal; also that the Val Verde people had made a compromise whereby they built a smelter on the branch line in Yavapai county, the Val Verde people paying for the branch running out to the smelter; further, that his friends and himself hobnobbed with Attorney Chase, of the Spenazuma, and incidentally squared that proposition. Having made concessions to three of the four outfits specially mentioned, the cloud was left over all other mining property in Arizona, aside from producing mines.

On the arid lands question he made no explanation of his extraordinary conduct in going to Wichita, Kan., two years ago to lead the fight for the cession of arid lands to the states and territories. But his address last Saturday night was ingenious, showing he had given much thought to the two points in his defence, the Yavapai bonds and that mining proclamation.—Enterprise.

The appearance together of Mark Smith and Col. Wilson on the stage at Jerome during the great meeting there on the 13th was a most gratifying incident, and one that the democrats advance as a proof of the real unity of the party. It proves, too, that Wilson is a brave and honorable foe, and a true friend. He may have listened for a time to the wrongful advice, or hasty council of his friends, but his unswerving loyalty to his party asserted itself, in a hall packed full of enthusiastic citizens, he asked every man to vote for Mark Smith, and pleaded in a strong voice for the man who was once his rival, but then his friend and fellow democrat.—Bisbee Review.

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In addition to the \$20,000,000 which the government paid Spain for the unfinished war in the Philippines we have expended up to the present time \$200,000,000 more in the attempt to subjugate the Filipinos, and there is every reason to believe the war will continue for years to come at a cost of not less than \$100,000,000 a year. This money and the 5,000 American soldiers whose lives have been sacrificed could have been used for better purposes than a war of conquest which is a disgrace to this country as a nation.

Now with an open field the defeat of Oakes Murphy is assured. The people of Arizona are tired of placing to the front men who oppose every vital interest of the territory. Between bonds, proclamations against mines, attempts to swipe normal school lands and a desire to have the arid lands ceded to the territory, it will be seen that Governor Murphy has little or nothing in common with the people who work.—Enterprise.

The following states have a tax qualification for voters: Arkansas, a poll tax must be paid; Delaware, a registration fee of one dollar must be paid; Georgia, only citizens who have paid taxes since 1877 are entitled to vote; Pennsylvania, the voter must have paid taxes within two years; Mississippi, a poll tax must be paid; Tennessee requires payment of poll tax. Some other states impose a property qualification.

The ten largest cities in the United States, according to the census just completed, are: New York, 3,427,202; Chicago, 1,698,575; Philadelphia, 1,293,657; St. Louis, 575,238; Boston, 560,892; Baltimore, 508,957; Cleveland, 381,768; Buffalo, 352,219; San Francisco, 342,782; Cincinnati, 325,902.

The total valuation of all property in New Mexico diminished \$5,337,733.21 in the thirteen years beginning with 1887 and ending with 1899.

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